

Animal Groupings

Animals/ Characteristics	Lay eggs ?	Cold- blooded?	Live on land?	6 legs?	3 body parts?	Breathe through lungs?	Outer Covering	Additional info
Mammals M	X	X	✓	X 0,2 or 4 legs	X	✓	Hair	Suckle their young with milk. Spiny anteater and platypus lay eggs. Bat and whale are mammals.
Reptiles R	✓	✓	✓	X 0,2 or 4 legs	X	✓	Scales and dry skin	Always get mix up with amphibians, especially lizard and salamanders
Fish F	✓	✓	X except mud- skipper	X no legs	X	X gills	Scales	M olly, G uppy and S wordtail give birth to young alive. Shark is a fish. Have fins and tail to help them to swim and balance. Scales protect their bodies.
Insects I	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓ head, thorax, abdomen	X spiracles	Exoskeleton (hard outer covering)	Some ants have no wings and cannot fly. Insects have a pair of feelers (antennae) and their legs branch out from thorax.
Birds B	✓	X	✓	2 legs	X	✓	Feathers	Ostrich, Emu, Kiwi and Penguin cannot fly (flightless birds). Feathers keep them warm and help them to fly. Birds have beak and a tail.
Amphibians A	✓	✓	X live on land and in water	X 4 legs	X	X lungs and moist skin/gills	Moist skin	Salamanders, frogs, toad, newt are examples of amphibians.